

Muoki, P. (2023). Navigating Parent-Child Conflicts During Exam Periods

Why Conflicts Arise:

1. High Expectations

- *Elaboration*: Parents often want their children to succeed, but setting exceedingly high academic standards can inadvertently create pressure and stress.
- *Example*: A parent expecting straight A's might say, "I believe you can excel in all subjects," while the child, feeling overwhelmed, might respond, "I'm trying my best, but it's a lot of pressure."
- *What Parents Can Do*: Set Realistic Expectations Acknowledge the child's abilities and limitations. Avoid imposing unrealistically high academic goals that may cause undue stress.
- *What Children Should Do*: Communicate Needs: Express feelings, concerns, and preferences to parents respectfully and clearly. This fosters understanding and cooperation.

2. Communication Breakdown

- *Elaboration*: Misunderstandings or a lack of effective communication can lead to frustration. Both parties may struggle to convey their needs and concerns.
- *Example*: A child struggling with a complex math concept might say, "I don't get it," while a parent, unaware of the specific issue, might respond, "You need to focus more."
- *What Parents Can Do*: Open Communication: Create a safe space for the child to express themselves. Listen attentively without judgement and validate their feelings.
- *What Children Should Do*: Seek help when needed. Don't hesitate to ask for assistance or clarification from parents if a subject is challenging. It's a sign of maturity to seek support.

3. Different Studying Styles

- *Elaboration*: Parents may have methods for studying that differ from what the child finds effective. This variance can lead to disagreements on study approaches.
- *Example*: A parent might believe in strict study schedules and minimal breaks, while the child might find it more effective to study in shorter, focused bursts with regular breaks. This difference can lead to disagreements on study methods.
- *What Parents Can Do*: Guidance, Not Control Instead of micromanaging, offer guidance on effective study techniques and time management. Encourage independent learning.
- *What Children Should Do*: Take Responsibility: Manage time efficiently, set realistic study goals, and avoid procrastination. Ownership of their studies empowers children.

4. Fear of disappointment

• *Elaboration*: Children may worry about disappointing their parents if they don't meet the academic expectations set for them.

- *Example*: A child may worry that if they don't perform as well as their parents expect, they will let them down. This fear can create stress and strain in the parent-child relationship.
- What Parents Can Do: Acknowledge Efforts: Recognise and praise the child's efforts and progress, regardless of the final exam results. Positive reinforcement can boost their confidence.
- *What Children Should Do*: Stay Organised: Keep study materials in order, maintain a neat study space, and plan study schedules. The organisation aids productivity.

5. Time management challenges

- *Elaboration*: Balancing study time with other responsibilities can be a source of tension, especially when priorities clash.
- *Example*: The child may want to participate in extracurricular activities or have downtime with friends, but the parent may emphasise study time above all else. This conflicting priority can lead to conflict.
- *What Parents Can Do*: Flexibility: Be open to adapting to the child's preferred study methods and routines, if they are effective and balanced.
- *What Children Should Do*: Practice Self-care: Ensure a balanced routine with time for relaxation, exercise, and adequate sleep. A healthy lifestyle contributes to better academic performance.

These ten issues, along with their elaborations, examples, and suggested actions, can help parents and children navigate conflicts during the exam period, fostering a more understanding and supportive learning environment.

Spiritual Foundation

1. High Expectations:

- *Verse:* "For I know the plans I have for you, plans to prosper you and not to harm you, plans to give you hope and a future." (Jeremiah 29:11)
- *Reflection:* Parents can find comfort in knowing that God has a plan for each child. It is important to set realistic expectations and trust in God's guidance for their future.

2. Communication Breakdown:

- *Verse:* "My dear brothers and sisters, take note of this: Everyone should be quick to listen, slow to speak and slow to become angry." (James 1:19)
- *Reflection:* This verse emphasises the importance of listening and being patient in communication. Encouraging open and respectful dialogue can help prevent misunderstandings.

3. Different Studying Styles:

- *Verse:* "Trust in the LORD with all your heart and lean not on your understanding; in all your ways submit to him, and he will make your paths straight." (Proverbs 3:5-6)
- *Reflection:* This verse reminds us to trust in God's guidance. Parents can offer advice and support, but ultimately, the child needs to find effective study methods.

4. Fear of Disappointment:

- *Verse:* "But now, this is what the LORD says... Fear not, for I have redeemed you; I have summoned you by name; you are mine." (Isaiah 43:1)
- *Reflection:* Remind the child that their worth is not solely determined by academic achievements. They are loved and valued by God regardless of their performance.

5. Time Management Challenges:

- *Verse:* "Come to me, all you who are weary and burdened, and I will give you rest." (Matthew 11:28)
- *Reflection:* Encourage the child to find balance in their responsibilities. Remind them that seeking rest and balance is not only important for their wellbeing but also aligned with God's desire for them.

These verses offer spiritual grounding and perspective for parents and children facing conflicts during exam periods. They emphasise the importance of trust, open communication, and finding a balanced approach to education and well-being.

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